Experiential Learning – Gandhiji's Nai Talim

Faculty Development Programme at

Adikavi Nannaya University

Rajamahendravaram, Andhra Pradesh, January 23-29, 2019

Faculty Development Centre

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya National Mission on Teachers and Teaching (PMMMNMTT)

Mahatma Gandhi National Council of Rural Education

Department of Higher Education

Ministry of Human Resource Development, Government of India

Hyderabad – 500004 www.mgncre.in

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FDP Name	Experiential Learning, Nai Talim and Work
	Education through School & Teacher Education
	Curriculum
Organized by	Department of Education, Adikavi Nannaya University, Rajamahendravaram, Andhra Pradesh.
Dates	23-01-2019 to 29-01-2019
Time	9.30 A.M to 4.30 P.M
Venue	Seminar Hall, Adikavi Nannaya University
No. of Participants	38
Chief Guest	Prof. Suresh Varma Rector of Adikavi Nannaya
	University, Dr.K. Subha Rao Principal & Bos
	chairman of Education Department Adikavi
	Nannaya University
Supported by	Department of Education
MGNCRE Resource	M.Sai Kiran
Persons	
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-	

Target Outcomes of the 7-Day FDP:

Participants will:

- 1. Understand the vision and philosophy of the Experiential Learning Gandhiji's Nai Talim Curriculum
- 2. Experience the skills and knowledge gained and impact on three H's through participating in experiential learning activities
- 3. Understand Gandhiji's aims of education and philosophy behind Nai Talim
- 4. Explore which states are already implementing Nai Talim
- 5. Discuss the Nai Talim/ Experiential Learning success stories in their state
- 6. Discuss and present key connections between NCF 2005, RTE 2009, NCFTE 2010 and Nai Talim
- 7. Identify aspects relevant to the context of the school student and B Ed Student-Teacher from various backgrounds and occupations
- 8. Devise contextually suitable engagement activities for the student teacher
- 9. Identify aspects relevant to local community engagement in teacher education
- 10. Identify the process of connecting the text with the child/learner with the local context
- 11. Devise and present contextually suitable engagement activities for the middle and high school students
- 12. Identify the school education programs and policies which have local community engagement aspects
- 13. Participate effectively in local community service
- 14. Explore models of art, craft for entrepreneurship and for self-reliance
- 15. Practice global citizenship by welcoming people of diverse backgrounds
- 16. Reflect critically, modify perspectives on how experiential learning/work education will help make students lifelong learners
- 17. Conclude that work education/experiential learning should be a core and an integral part of the curriculum transaction
- 18. Transact experiential learning activities with School students, B Ed College students with the aim of bringing positive changes in themselves, their institutions and their communities
- 19. Share transformed perspectives of how experiential learning will ensure that the text matches with the context and learning is relevant to the student; that it will make them lifelong learners
- 20. Analyse and share learning from the program that can be applied in the school education and DIET
- 21. Take part in various rural immersion activities/methodologies to understand the rural community strengths and weakness
- 22. Share ideas on community engagement by student teachers at B Ed Colleges and school students

Participant Profile

Participants comprised Faculty from B Ed colleges affiliated to the University Details of participants are mentioned in **Annexure A**

FDP Schedule:

7-Day Faculty Development Program

Schedule and Activities

Session No	Activity	Time	Activity Methodology	Resources Needed
			Day 1	
1.	Registration	1000- 1030	 Greet and welcome the participants as they arrive Ask them to fill in the registration form Hand over the folder 	Registration Forms, Folder with Note pad, pen, Experiential Learning Book
2.	Inauguration	1030- 1100	 Chief Guest, Guest of Honour, University Officials, other dignitaries and MGNCRE representative light the lamp A Prayer may be sung by some participants Brief Speeches by dignitaries as planned, vote of thanks Have a quick round of facilitator and participant introductions 	Brass Lamp Oil Wicks Match box Candle Bouquets Memento for Chief Guest
3.	School & Community: Community Engagement Process (Dialogic Method)	1100- 1145	 Explain the activity to the participants Form them into teams of 5-6 members each Execute the activity, facilitators also take part with the participants Ask them to do also measure height and weight of participants Ask each group to share the experience Summarize that Experiential Learning is a better method than traditional text book/rote based learning - link to Dialogic method 	Sample Activity Plan – Experiential Learning Input in School Curriculum Sample Document -one for the facilitator Measuring tape, Ribbons, Marker pens, Scissors, Weighing Machine A Note book and a pen per group Dialogic Method – Reading material for the facilitator
4.	Gandhiji Tolstoy Farm and Nai Talim - Gandhiji ideas on education (Content Analysis)	1200- 1315	 Form Teams of 4 members each Each team should give themselves an innovative name, elect a facilitator (s/he will ensure that everyone is contributing), a recorder (s/he will record the key points) and a presenter (s/he will present the team's output) Hand over a chart paper sheet to each team 	Latest Fad Portions Hind Swaraj Presentation Experiential learning book Chart paper – one per team Computer & Projector or Whiteboard & Marker pens

Session No	Activity	Time	Activity Methodology	Resources Needed
			 Assign Chapters 2, 3, 4 and 5 to teams (so if there are 8 teams, 2 teams will get each of the chapters) Ask them to read the chapter allotted to them, discuss and present the key points from the chapter Facilitator to record key points in a word doc /whiteboard Summarise the session reiterating key points recorded on the word doc or white board 	
5.	Nai Talim Patterns in India (Content Analysis)	1430- 1545	 Continue in the same teams Hand over the document to each member of the team Ask each team to discuss and present the case including the benefits accrued to students due to Nai Talim. In which states is Nai Talim already being implemented? What are the Nai Talim/ Experiential Learning success stories in your state? 	Document : Current- experiments-in-nai-talim : One copy per participant
6.	Nai Talim and NCF 2005, NCFTE 2010 and RTE 2009	1600- 1715	 Make new teams of 4-5 members each Play the video/audio one after the other Allow each team member to make notes as they listen /watch, then discuss in their team and present key connections between NCF 2005, RTE 2009, NCFTE 2010 and Nai Talim Back up Activity: Word document may be distributed to each group and they are asked to present how Nai Talim is linked to NCF 2005, RTE 2009 and NCFTE 2010 	NCF 2005: https://www.youtube.com/wa tch?v=JdqJUHlqNkw RTE 2009: https://www.youtube.com/wa tch?v=s6U-2TTinQQ NCFTE 2010: (hindi) https://www.youtube.com/wa tch?v=o5jzamJDKKI Back up: Salient Features of NCF 2005, NCFTE 2010 and RTE 2009 – document – two copies per group
			Day 2	
1.	Education relating to life – Work Education and its implications	0900- 1015	 Greet and welcome the participants Recap key learnings from Day 1 Form 10 new teams Allot one typology to each team from Chapter 6 (A to J) Each team should give themselves an innovative name, elect a facilitator (s/he will ensure that everyone is contributing), a recorder (s/he will record the key points) and a presenter 	Format for recording experiential learning typology – two copies per group A sample format for experiential learning typology – two per group Work education ppt

Session No	Activity	Time	Activity Methodology	Resources Needed
			(s/he will present the team's output) 6. Participants are to be instructed to choose 2 activities from the assigned typology and indicate the benefits to students in the following domains: a. Head (Cognitive)- Knowledge b. Heart (Affective) - Attitude c. Psychomotor (Hand) - Skill 7. They need to record their ideas, present and hand over the documents to MGNCRE 8. Sum up using work education ppt	
2.	Nai Talim for School Curricular areas	1030- 1145	1. Individual work: Preparing class wise and subject wise Work education activities based on text books and suggested activities from experiential learning hand book Classes VI to X Participants to be assigned a subtopic from B Ed Curriculum Topics by the facilitator and will create an experiential learning activity with Steps, Precautions, Tools, Checklists, Evaluation	Sample School Curriculum Experiential Learning Activity – one copy per participant Format – one copy per participant Manipur School Implementation photos can be played in a loop
3.	Nai Talim for School Curriculum	1200- 1315	Presentation of the above work by participants	
4.	PRA and PLA Methods (Community Research)	1430- 1545	 PRA and PLA methods and links to community engagement explained by facilitator through an interactive discussion with support of slides Discussion and presentation on village immersion/ community work – PLA activities – 5 to 6 activities – Transect walk, Village Resource Map, Venn Diagram, FGD, Occupational Analysis etc.,) 	PRA/PLA ppt Copies of PRA/PLA techniques from Rural Immersion book One copy of each technique per group Charts, Sketch pens, White papers.
5.	Nai Talim Express	1600- 1800	 Form teams and share one PRA technique with each team Ask the teams to go out and conduct the activity in the campus as a simulation exercise Give them an hour and 15 min. Then ask participants to present their output at the location wherever they have drawn/recorded it. 	Copies of PRA/PLA techniques from Rural Immersion book One copy of each technique per group Charts, Sketch pens, White papers. Rural Immersion Hand Book

Session No	Activity	Time	Activity Methodology	Resources Needed
			5. Alternatively each team can video record their work and present it in the classroom through the LCD projector.6. Reinforce that these methods need to be used during the village engagement visits	
			Day 3	
1.	Rural Engagement through Participatory Learning Approaches – Learning through discovery and exploration	0900- 1015	 Greet and welcome the participants Recap key learnings from Day 2 Continue with the previous day's teams. Let them take up another method of PRA and do it in the campus Video record the experience and present learnings If presentation from previous evening activity was not done, it can instead be completed now Alternatively a guest lecture can be organised by the	Charts, Sketch pens, White papers. Village Immersion Hand Book
2.	Analysis of B.Ed Curriculum and preparing work education activities / practicums which need to be integrated into B.Ed Curriculum and practices.	1030- 1145	1. Individual work: Participants to be assigned a practicum from B Ed Curriculum by the facilitator and will create an experiential learning activity with Steps, Precautions, Tools, Checklists, Evaluation 2. Collect all the documents created by the participants after they present their work	Sample B Ed Experiential Learning Activity – one copy per participant Format – one copy per participant
3.	Presentation on B Ed experiential Learning Activities	1200- 1315	 Individual work: Participants present their work Collect all the documents created by the participants 	
4.	Community based engagement activities – projects, case studies and group work	1430- 1545	 Form teams of 5-6 members each Ask them to discuss and list the various community(rural) engagement methodologies with examples that they will integrate into B Ed and School Curriculum Ask each group to present their ideas Collect the documents from them 	Chart papers, marker pens
5.	Nai Talim Film (Case Method for Work	1600- 1715	 Show the Anand Niketan Film. Ask participants to note the ways of handling the curriculum through work 	https://www.youtube.com/wa tch?v=LM8Lyz1usx8

Session No	Activity	Time	Activity Methodology	Resources Needed
6.	Education) Preparation for Fieldwork	1730- 1815	education 3. Ask a few participants to present their recordings and learning. 4. Summarise the day's learnings 1. Participants ready with activities, required material etc., - visit to schools, B.Ed Colleges and Villages for Community Work on 4th and 5th day	Computer Projector Audio output Charts, Sketch pens, White papers Activity plans prepared by the participants in group along with required teaching-learning material
			Day 4	
1.	School Visit – Activities related to Curricular Inclusions and Work Education (Field Engagement)	0930- 1315	Participants (in teams) will conduct School Curriculum Experiential Learning activities with school students Capture learnings, pictures and videos of the activity done	School Curriculum Experiential Learning Activity Plans created by participants Camera Notepad, pen Teaching Learning Resources need for the activity
2.	Village Engagement /Immersion	1430- 1645	 Participants (in teams) will conduct Transect, Social Mapping, Venn, FGD Resource & Occupational mapping in the village Capture learning, pictures and videos of their work 	Camera Note pads, pens Charts, Sketch pens, White papers Activity plans prepared by the participants in group along with required material
3.	Debriefing on School and Village Visits	1730- 1815	 Each team will share the field experience: Activity conducted Learning experience for students Learning gained by them 	Project images captured by each team
			Day 5	
1.	Visit to B.Ed College (Field Engagement)	0930- 1315	Implementation of planned activities by all the groups	Charts, Sketch pens, White papers Activity plans prepared by the participants in group along with required material
2.	Village Engagement /Immersion	1430- 1715	Participants (in teams) will conduct a different methodology of PRA/PLA Techniques Transect, Social Mapping, Venn, FGD and Resource mapping in the village Capture pictures and videos of their work	Camera Note pads, pens Charts, Sketch pens, White papers Activity plans prepared by the participants in group along with required material
1	Preparation for	0930-	Day 6	Chart paper, sketch
1.	Debriefing of	1130	Participants will create their	Chart paper, sketch pens/Laptop for PPt pres

Session No	Activity	Time	Activity Methodology	Resources Needed
110	B Ed college and Village visit		presentations of B Ed college and Village visits	
2.	Presentation of B Ed College and Village visit	1145- 1315	1. Participants will present their presentations of B Ed college and Village visits - Group Wise followed by discussion, feelings of the participants and what went well - Summing up	
3.	do	1430- 1715	do	Project images and videos captured by each team
		1/13	Day 7	captured by each team
1.	Strategic Issues in Nai Talim Work Education	0930- 1100	 Participants (in teams) will discuss and present the issues and way forward for implementation of Nai Talim /Work Education in B Ed Curriculum (For the facilitator : suggested solution arrived at CG FDP : The B.Ed students have 4 months teaching practice in schools and practice 20 lessons. Out of 20 lessons, 8 lessons must be related to work education activities. For this, the B.Ed students will identify lesson wise work education activities under supervision of lecturer and write lesson plans take up lessons in all the subject areas from 6th to 10th class) A guest faculty may be invited here to 	Chart Papers, Sketch Pens/PPT presentation Guest faculty identified and invited
2.	Strategic Issues in Community Engagement	1115- 1245	moderate the session and give in put 1. Participants (in teams) will discuss and present the issues and way forward for implementation of Community Engagement in B Ed Curriculum 2. A guest faculty may be invited here to moderate the session and give in put	Chart Papers, Sketch Pens/PPT presentation Guest faculty identified and invited
3.	Feedback form	1245- 1300	Participants will fill in the feedback form and hand it over to facilitators	Feedback form – one copy per participant
4.	Valediction & Vote of Thanks	1300- 1330	1. Certificate distribution 2. Feedback from a few volunteer (participants) – please take videos of their feedback 3. Vote of Thanks by University representative and MGNCRE representative	Certificates filled in and signed Mementos for participants (optional)

Session No	Activity	Time	Activity Methodology	Resources Needed
Lunch and Dispersal				

FDP Report: Day 1

Inaugural Session

The Faculty Development Programme was inaugurated by Chief Guest, **Prof.Suresh Varma**, Rector, Dr.K.Subha Rao Principal & BoS Chairman, Dr.M.Gopala Krishna Asst.prof, Adikavi Nannaya University. MGNCRE.

Programme Coordinator & Mentoring Faculty MGNCRE, M.Sai Kiran, shared an overview of the Faculty Development Programme – Experiential Learning – Gandhiji's Nai Talim.

In the inaugural address, **Prof.Suresh Varma** that Faculty Development Programme Content and expressed that it was a good activity. She herself wanted to be present for the entire programme but for her pressing commitments. She wished the Programme success.

Vote of Thanks was delivered by Dr.M.Gopala Krishna.

Programme Implementation

Day 1: Session 1

Session Topic	Ice Breaker & Introductions	
Facilitated by	Dr.K.Subha Rao	
Session Timing	9.30 am to 11.30 am	
Transaction	Pair Work - The participants were formed into pairs and	
Methodology	asked to them themselves as famous Educators	
Key Learning Points	It is important to know people you are working with.	
	It helps build interpersonal skills	
	The group gets to know strengths and weakness	
Learners' Response	There were different personalities in the group: artists, writer and a few participants who had published papers. Some could sing and some were unmarried.	
	Participants also felt that it felt better to introduce a partner than self-introduction.	
Application of	They will use this pair and share activity with their students at the beginning of the new academic year. It is also important	

Learning	to know the students' family background to offer them more
	support on a case-to-case basis.
Ideas for similar activities	Participants shared that they would list the strengths of their students and use them appropriately for various events in their college.
Link to Nai Talim	Pair work helped them to empathize and feel for their partner – whether it was a success story or a difficult period.

Day 1: Session 2

Programme Agenda was shared in details with the need and rationale for the same.

The participants also collaborated and prepared the session Norms:

Mobiles Silent

100% Attendance for certification

Share Ideas

Be Creative

Active Listening

Complete Assignments

Be Punctual

Be Interactive & Participatory

Be Happy!

Tea Break

Day 1: Session 3

Session Topic	School & Community: Community Engagement Process	
Session Sub topics	Measurement of Length, Breadth	
	Calculation of Perimeter and Area	
	Measurement of Height	
	Ascending Order	
	Descending Order	
	Greater than, Less than, Equal to	
Facilitated by	Dr.M.Gopala Krishna	
Session Timing	11.50 am to 12.50 pm	
Transaction Short input on calculating the Perimeter and Ares of a reg		
Methodology	hexagon and a rectangle was shared by the facilitator. Two 2-metre ribbons were given to each group as tools to measure.	

	Group Activity - The participants were formed into teams of 3-4 each .Team names are : Vijaya, Kalam, Radhakrishna, Brave and Prem They had to measure different areas of the training room and calculate perimeter and area of the area that measured. They were also asked to measure their height and identify the tallest and shortest person in their teams.	
Key Learning Points	Experiential Learning helps in Learning Concepts easily	
	 Working with the hands (measuring length), working cooperatively (heart) engages the participants in learning a concept completely (head) and they develop tolerance, self-reliance, a sense of sharing and caring and ensuring team's success (Sarvodaya) 	
	 Learners also retain and recall the concept for a longer period of time, thus helping them perform better in assessments. 	
	Steps in Kolb's cycle of Experiential Learning	
Learners' Response	All teams liked the activity, they shared the various areas and perimeters	
Learners' Feedback	Participants valued and understood the role of "hands" in effecting learning in the "heart" and "head"	
	They were grateful that they could experience such learning	
Application of Learning	The participants will use this model and create a similar experiential learning plan which will be implemented in the school visit during the Faculty Development Programme	
	They will create a similar plan for implementation in B Ed college in the visit to a B Ed College during Faculty Development Programme	
Ideas for similar activities	Participants shared that they could apply this learning for many activities in their colleges	
Link to Nai Talim	Since hands were used actively, and heart and head were also actively involved, a link to Nai Talim was made. Self-reliance was displayed by one team, cooperation and collaboration, taking everyone forward was also displayed by the teams.	

Day 1: Session 4

Session Topic	Gandhiji's Tolstoy Farm and Nai Talim - Gandhiji's Ideas on Education
Session Sub topics	Chapter 2: Experiential Learning - Gandhiji's Nai Talim
	Chapter 3: Experience, Work and Education
	Chapter 4: Context, Concerns and Issues
	Chapter 5: School Curriculum, Experiential learning and Work Education
Facilitated by	Dr.M.Gopala Krishna
Session Timing	12.50 pm to 1.50 pm
Transaction Methodology	Group Work:Continued in the same teams as the previous session. Each team was asked to refer to their Experiential Learning – Gandhiji's Nai Talim Book
	Radhakrishna Team had to read and present Chapter 1
	Kalam Team had to read and present Chapter 2
	Brave Team had to read and present Chapter 3
	Vijaya Team had to read and present Chapter 4
	Prem Team had to read and present Chapter 5
Key Learning	Chapters1 and 2: Experiential Learning - Gandhii's Nai Talim
Points	Need to revisit Gandhiji's Basic Education and customize it to
	 the current context Gandhiji's Philosophy of Life – Nai Talim Education
	Main Principles of Basic Education
	Social and Ethical Aspects of the Scheme : Purpose & Methods
	Gandhiji's Aims of Education Self Sufficiency Education through Craft Economic Value
	 Self Sufficiency – Education through Craft – Economic Value &Pedagogical value
	Chapter 3: Experience, Work and Education
	Learning & Knowledge Acquisition in Gandhiji's view
	Historical perspectiveReference to Kothari Commission Recommendations
	Community Work & Social Action
	Chapter 4: Context, Concerns and Issues
	Alienation of children from the knowledge base of family and community

	 Destruction of pride in the productive labour as well as commitment to related values De-skilling of the multiple skills acquired before coming to school Child work Vs Child LabourEducation & Alienation Gender The challenge of the differently abled Chapter 5: School Curriculum, Experiential learning and Work Education Why does work need to be made a part of the curriculum? Cognitive Competencies Social Competencies Affective Competencies
	Guidelines for making work a part of the School Curriculum
Learners'	Participants expressed their views as per the presentations
Response	 Experiential Learning - Gandhiji's Nai Talim Experience, Work and Education Context, Concerns and Issues School Curriculum, Experiential learning and Work Education They expressed clarity on Gandhiji's views on aims of education as well as his philosophy and its relevance to the present day context. They also refreshed their knowledge of Cognitive, Affective and Social competencies to be developed in children
Learners'	Participants unanimously felt that it was time to introduce
Feedback	Experiential Learning - Nai Talim
Application of Learning	Plan and implement experiential learning activities in their B Ed colleges
Ideas for similar activities	Content Analysis/Book review Activities could be integrated into their teaching methodology where students present their understanding of a piece of content they read
Link to Nai Talim	The entire essence of the first five chapters was well understood and the participants linked it to principles like dignity of labour, work and education are not separate, using mother tongue as the medium of understanding (they presented this in their mother tongue) and teacher being a learner all through the session.

Day 1 : Session 5

Session Topic	Nai Talim Patterns in India
Session Sub topics	Puvidham Learning Centre, Dharmapuri, Tamil Nadu
	Kalkeri Sangeet Vidyalaya, Dharwad, Karnataka
	The Students' Educational and Cultural Movement of Ladakh (SECMOL)
	Aksharnandan, Pune
Facilitated by	Dr.M.Gopala Krishna
Session Timing	2.30 pm to 3.30 pm
Transaction Methodology	Group Exercise - The participants were formed into teams and were handed out a three page document on Nai Talim Patterns in India which briefly featured the work being done at
	Puvidham Learning Centre, Dharmapuri, Tamil Nadu
	Kalkeri Sangeet Vidyalaya, ,Dharwad, Karnataka
	The Students' Educational and Cultural Movement of Ladakh (SECMOL)
	Aksharnandan, Pune.
	Each participant was asked to read the entire document but each team had to present activities done in one centre (in detail).
Key Learning	Nai Talim methodology:
Points	Provides a humane and child-centered environment for the students
	Ensures that children value the rural environment through community engagement
	• Includes Fine Arts' Skills will enable students to find meaningful and well-paid employment, breaking the cycle of persistent poverty and creating a better future for themselves andtheir communities.
	Can help sustain a school through regular income
	• Is one where learning is based on justice, non-violence, equality, sharing, cooperation, andrespect for the environment
	Is not based in competition or exam-oriented rote learning

	Believes in the 3H ideology and hence academics are interlinked with activities such as farming, cooking, and craft-work including carpentry
Learners' Response	Participants discussed the Nai Talim examples in groups and each group presented their understanding of the methodologies being followed at
	Puvidham Learning Centre, Dharmapuri, Tamil Nadu
	 Developing effective organic farming techniques and providing a humane and child-centered environment for its students
	• Its vision is to spread organic farming, self-sufficiency in terms of water, energy, food, and learning and ensuring that rural children value their environment.
	 The students are primarily children of dalit and other farming communities and the staff includes locally educated youth.
	With farming being its focus, there is a set curriculum which links farming with various subjects
	• Children of grade levels 3 to 7 grow vegetables, plant trees alongside the road, manage a tree nursery, set up a vermin-compost pit and prepare herbal repellants.
	 There are other activities as well on which students are trained including embroidery, knitting, soap-making, basket weaving, cloth weaving, pottery, waste- disposal,etc.
	 Students also participate in sports such as karate and activities such as dance, drama and singing; and are exposed to the world beyond their village through trips to places such as Pondicherry and Auroville.
	• They are taught to read and write both Tamil (their mother tongue) and English.
	 Children are taught through role plays, workshops, walks, open discussions, experiential learning with the focus being more on self-learning.
	There is a library accessible to children as well as computers.

• The centre ensures that it reaches out to the community, involving them in various ways including getting members to teach various occupations to the students, the students helping them in organic farming and improving the life in the village through awareness campaigns on issues such as migration, deforestation, health, using local herbs, etc.

• Kalkeri Sangeet Vidyalaya, Dharwad, Karnataka

- Founded in 2002 in Dharwad
- Provides free education to all
- Students are trained in the performing arts that include Hindustani classical music, Kathak dance, and drama.
- This is combined with regular schooling teaching of computers.
- Students, aged 6-23 years, come from both rural and urban communities as their access to holistic education is limited.
- They obtain qualifications in academics and music.
- The school is based on the Gurukul tradition of providing education.
- Concerts by students at various places in India is promoting the school and attracting donors. This money helps in running the school.
- The school has a strong student council which is vocal when it comes to functioning as a community.
- The students also carry out activities such as cooking, gardening, etc.
- This learning is based on justice, non-violence, equality, sharing, cooperation, and respect for the environment.
- There are solar water heaters as well as a bio gas plant.
- The Students' Educational and Cultural Movement of Ladakh (SECMOL)

- Founded in 1988 by Sonam Wangchuk
- Is based on the idea of 3Hs Bright Head, Skilled Hands, and Kind Heart.
- The school building, including three residential houses, runs completely on solar energy.
- There are 40 students who live in the school and manage everything from the solar electricity equipment, to milking the cows, to cleaning the campus.
- Other activities done by the students are construction work done for the campus, preparation of jams and juices made from apricots, running camps for other Ladakhis also annually on vocational guidance, environment awareness and entrepreneurship along with English, Ladakhi history and geography, solar energy, health,nature, Ladakhi language and literacy, painting and educational games;
- Volunteers visiting SECMOL teach ice skating, dance, drama, art, music, etc.
- The academic subjects include English, Math, Urdu, Hindi, and Science.
- Importance is given to Ladakh-specific knowledge with emphasis on learning Ladakhi history, language, songs, and music.
- Children listen to Ladakhi news every evening on the radio and read Ladakhi publications.

• Aksharnandan, Pune

- Was started in 1992 with the idea of having a curriculum that was linked to the actual lives of the students and is not based in competition or exam-oriented rote learning.
- The school runs from kindergarten to grade 10, follows both SSC and NIOS curriculum, depending on the child's comfort with subjects.
- Each class has about 40 students with 25 per cent from low-income backgrounds.
- Children with special needs are also part of mainstream

	T .
	classrooms.
	 All students are taught in their mother tongue Marathi, with English and Hindi as second and third languages.
	• The school believes in the 3H ideology and hence academics are interlinked with activities such as farming, cooking, and craft-work including carpentry.
	• When learning about certain things such as vegetables, students are actually taken to the market to talk to vendors selling vegetables.
	• The students manage the small field, sowing wheat, etc. and also have a vermi-compost pit for generating manure.
	• In January, students prepare craft material for the bazaar including wooden tables, lamps, hangings for decoration, etc., which help in generating income for the school'sactivities.
Learners'	Participants felt confident that with a few changes in their
Feedback	learning methodologies, they could adapt and adopt the
	Experiential/Nai Talim Methodology in their Colleges and thus
	expose their student-teachers to the world of Nai Talim.
	Participants were interested in knowing the success stories of
	the students who pass out from such Learning Centres.
Application of	Participants can use many of the implementation methodologies
Learning	in their institutions and classrooms
Ideas for similar	B Ed Colleges may initiate vermi composting and kitchen
activities	gardening in their campus and also integrate some craft based
	and infrastructure management related activities for their
	students.
Link to Nai Talim	All the case studies shared were Nai Talim Schools and hence
	linked completely to Nai Talim as they provide ideas on what
	additional activities can be integrated in a school to make
	learning holistic

Day 1 : Session 6

Session Topic	Nai Talim and NCF 2005, NCFTE 2010 and RTE 2009
Session Sub topics	NCF 2005 and its link to Nai Talim
	RTE 2009 and its link to Nai Talim
	NCFTE 2010 and its link to Nai Talim
Facilitated by	Dr.M.Gopala Krishna
Session Timing	3.30 pm to 4.30 pm
Transaction Methodology	The facilitator briefly explained about NCF 2005, RTE 2009 and NCFTE 2010 and then conducted a group exercise
	Group Exercise - The participants were formed into teams and assigned one Policy each. They were given an audio link to listen to, asked to make notes and link them to the material in a handout on NCF 2005/RTE 2009/NCFTE 2010; and connect the main ideas of these policies to Nai Talim philosophy.
Key Learning Points	The link between Experiential Learning – Gandhiji's Nai Talim and the essence of the directives in NCF 2005, RTE 2009 and NCFTE 2010 are similar.
Learners' Response	Learners became aware that the three educational policies have experiential learning as a core element with special focus on the

	child being an active learner in the learning process
Learners' Feedback	
Learners Teedback	policies. They shared that they will make an effort to implement
	experiential learning activities in letter and spirit back in their
	Colleges
	They appreciated the group exercise and identified it as active
	participative activity by the learner in his/herown learning.
Application of	Plan and implement Experiential Learning activities in their
Learning	Colleges
Ideas for similar	Any new policy shared by the Central or State Govt should be
activities	implemented using experiential learning activities
Link to Nai Talim	NCF 2005:
	Guiding Principles
	 Connecting knowledge to life outside the School
	Ensuring that learning is shifted away from rote methods
	Enriching curriculum so that it goes beyond Text Book
	Making Examination more flexible and non-threatening
	Discuss the aims of education B. 11
	 Building commitment to democratic values of equality, justice, secularism and freedom.
	, and the second
	Focus on child as an active learner
	1. Primacy to children's experience, their voices and participation
	2. Needs for adults to change their perception of children as passive receiver of knowledge
	3. Children can be active participants in the construction of
	knowledge and every child come to with pre-knowledge
	4. Children must be encouraged to relate the learning to their immediate environment
	5. Emphasizes that gender, class, creed should not be
	constraints for the child
	6. Highlights the value of Integration
	7. Designing more challenging activities
	RTE 2009:
	The Act provides for development of curriculum in
	consonance with the values enshrined in the Constitution,
	for the all- round development of the child, building on the
	child's knowledge, potentiality and talent and making the

child free of fear, trauma and anxiety through a system of child friendly and child centered learning.

NCFTE 2010

- Reflective practice to be the central aim of teacher education;
- Student-teachers should be provided opportunities for selflearning, reflection, assimilation and articulation of new ideas;
- Developing capacities for self-directed learning and ability to think, be critical and to work in groups.
- Providing opportunities to student-teachers to observe and engage with children, communicate with and relate to children.

Day 1 ended with a summary of the day's learnings as well as a reminder of the session start time on Day 2.

FDP Report - Day 2

Recap

The day started a recap of the previous day's learning.

Participants shared that they understood Gandhiji's vision for Basic Education, also learnt Kolb's Cycle through an experiential learning activity on measurement and an innovative way of introductions. Participants shared that they became aware of some of the Nai Talim schools in India, understood that NCF 2005, RTE 2009 and NCFTE 2010 spoke the language of Nai Talim.

Day 2: Session 1

Session Topic	Education relating to life – Work Education and its implications
Session Sub	Cognitive Domain (Head- Knowledge)
topics	Affective Domain (Heart - Emotions/Values)
	Psychomotor Domain (Hand – Skills)
Facilitated by	Dr.M.Gopala Krishna
Session Timing	9.30 am to 11.30 am
Transaction	Group Activity & Presentation
Methodology	The participants were formed into teams and were asked to work on Experiential learning Typology: Link to Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective(HHH) Domains
	The themes were selected by the teams from the Experiential Learning Hand book (Chapter 6)
	They used the model and wrote the outcomes of the above activities for the Head, Hand and Heart Domains
Key Learning Points	Focus when built on psycho motor domain (hand) helps build learning in affective domain (heart) and cognitive domain (head). Outcomes must be identified for the psychomotor domain and affective domain as well.
Learners' Response	They took the activity very seriously and each group was engaged in animated discussions, thoughtfully working out the outcomes in the three domains for the typology/ activity chosen by them

Learners'	A few team members shared the outcomes of the three domains
Feedback	for the assigned work education typology. Only cognitive domain
	outcomes are written as a matter of routine and psychomotor
	and affective domains outcomes are never considered. They
	realized that the outcomes of these two domains will
	automatically ensure that the outcomes of the cognitive domain
	are met
Application of	Outcomes for all three domains will be incorporated into their
Learning	lesson plans.
Ideas for similar	All learning activities need to be linked to the three domains
activities	through specific outcomes for each
Link to Nai	Since the activity was based on work education aspects, the
Talim	outcomes of "hand" "heart" and "head" domains are linked
	completely to Nai Talim

Day 2: Session 2

Session Topic	Experiential Learning Inclusions in School Curriculum
Session Sub	Experiential Learning Activity Identification
topics	Writing the Steps for conducting the same
	Writing the precautions for conducting the same
	Identifying the tools required for the activity
	Creating checklists for effective implementation
	Creating Assessment parameters for the activity
Facilitated by	Dr.M.Gopala Krishna
Session	11.30 am to 12.30 am
Timing	
Transaction	Participants were asked to relook at the Day 1 Session 1 activity
Methodology	and write a similar activity plan choosing a curricular area from
	Grades 6 to 10. They were asked to work out the activity plans for that particular class as an assignment.
Key Learning	Nai Talim as an Experiential Learning Methodology was
Points	understood as they experienced it in the "Measurement' Activity on
	Day 1
	The Experiential Learning Activity Plan created by them would be
	implemented on Day 5 during the visit to a School
Learners'	Learners' liked the model activity shared with them. They would
Response	work out the experiential learning activities for School Curricular

	areas, keeping in mind resources that would be easily available for conduct of the activity at the school.
Learners'	Learners felt it would be easy to integrate and execute the
Feedback	experiential learning activities that they had prepared.
	They also promised to organize the resources needed for the
	session
Application of	Experiential Learning Activity Plans may be introduced and
Learning	implemented in the Colleges of Education affiliated to the
	University
Link to Nai	All the Experiential Learning Activities focus on Hand, Heart and
Talim	Head (in that order) and hence are linked to Nai Talim.

Day 2:Session 3

C · T ·	DDA 1 DT A M 1 1
Session Topic	PRA and PLA Methods
Session Sub	Meeting and Mobilising
topics	Transect Walk
	Timeline
	Resource Mapping
	Venn Diagram
	Focus Group Discussion
	• Interview
	Seasonal Calendar
Facilitated by	Dr.M.Gopala Krishna
Session Timing	1 pm to 2.30 pm
Transaction	Rationale for the session was explained
Methodology	Brief introduction about PRA and PLA methods was done –
	what they are, why they are done
	Group work: The same teams were assigned the following:
	Group 1 - Time Line
	Group 2 - Resource Map
	Group 3–Seasonal Calendar
	Group 4–Chapati Diagram
	Group 5–Livelihood Analysis

	Meeting & Mobilising, Transect Walk and Focus Group Discussion were briefly explained by the facilitator/assigned to more groups
Key Learning	The What, Why and How (with relevant examples) of
Points	Timeline
	Resource Mapping
	Seasonal Calendar
	Chapati Diagram
	Livelihood Analysis
	Precautions to be taken while conducting a focus group discussion
	Importance of meeting and mobilizing and conducting a transect walk.
Learners'	Since this was a new concept for them, participants were
Response	appreciative of the new learning. They became sensitive to the fact that working with the community needs special techniques and it has to be done with care and genuineness.
	They related certain sub topics like Time line to their own villages while presenting
Learners'	Participants liked the session a lot as they were introduced to the
Feedback	terms PRA and PLA for the first time.
Application of Learning	Participants are keen to carry out community engagement activities with their students
Ideas for similar activities	Participants wanted to visit artisans in the city and study their skill sets and socio economic conditions.
Link to Nai Talim	Community engagement was close to Gandhiji's heart and working with the community for their upliftment is a direct link to Nai Talim

Day 2: Session 4

Session Topic	Nai Talim Express (Simulation of PRA and PLA Methods)
Session Sub topics	Transect Walk in the University & University Department of Education

Facilitated by	Dr.M.Gopala Krishna
Session Timing	2.30 pm to 4.30 pm
Transaction Methodology	Transect Walk was done by all the participants in the Dept of Education /University campus. They formed themselves into teams and explored the different sections. They came back to the training room and put together what they saw as they went around the areas assigned to them on a chart paper.
Key Learning	The participants understood how a transect walk can help them
Points	find out information about a particular place. Meeting and Interview technique was practiced and its importance understood.
Learners' Response	The participants understood the layout and department location of the university. Most said that this was the first time that they were going around the University /Department as during their previous official visits, they always came on specific work and left. They felt it was important to know their university in and out.
Learners' Feedback	Participants understood their role and responsibilities during the field visit to a village after the simulation.
Application of Learning	Participants were even more keen and excited about the field visit to the village as they will carry out the PRA/PLA exercises in a rural area
Ideas for similar activities	Colleges of Education Students' may undertake a similar exercise in their institutions to know all the departments and resources who work there. This will help build a relationship and rapport with all the staff of the institution.
Link to Nai Talim	Community engagement was close to Gandhiji's heart and working with the community for their upliftment is certainly linked to Nai Talim

Day's Summary

Key learning was recapitulated at the end of the day. Participants recalled that all activities were fun as they were experiential, they did not know how the day passed by. Also the creative streak in participants as well as working collaboratively, division of labour were observed as they changed teams and worked on various activities through the day. Written output in the form of charts was creative and consistently of high quality.

FDP Report - Day 3

Recap:

The day started with a recap of the previous day's learning.

They also refreshed their skills on writing learning outcomes for the three domains - Head, Heart and Hand with the main focus on Hand (Psychomotor). Participants shared that they understood the Steps of writing an Experiential Learning Plan with Steps, Precautions, Tools, Checklist and Assessment. They also shared that they were confident of executing it in the school visit and that they were focused on procuring the necessary resources for the execution.

They also expressed that PRA/PLA was new to them and that they were excited with the new learning and integration of the community engagement component. They understood the importance of using PLA techniques while engaging with the community. They team shared how they worked on making a resource map/other PLA techniques for their department which was indeed enlightening and that it was the first time they were doing an activity like this .

Day 3: Sessions 1 & 2

Session Topic	Nai Talim for B Ed Curricular Areas: Preparation of an Experiential Learning Plan and Presentation
Session Sub	Experiential Learning Activity Identification& Presentation
topics	Writing the Steps for conducting the same
	Writing the precautions for conducting the same
	Identifying the tools required for the activity
	Creating checklists for effective implementation
	Creating Assessment parameters for the activity
	Presentation
Facilitated by	Dr.M.Gopala Krishna
Session Timing	9.30 am to 12.30 pm
Transaction	A brief lecture on the B Ed curriculum areas followed by
Methodology	Individual Activity of writing an experiential learning activity for
	B Ed Curricular areas
Key Learning	Nai Talim as a Community Engagement Learning Methodology

Points	and its Relevance
	Gram/Local/Sthanik Swaraj and Sarvodaya
	Nai Talim: Traditional vs Constructivist Approaches
	Community Engagement
	Education for Life
	Importance of field work
Learners' Response	Learners' liked the model activity shared with them and worked out activities for B Ed Curricular areas
Response	Some of the Activity plans that were made were on the following areas:
	Health Awareness
	Adult Education & Government Policies
	Community Awareness
	School education Committee Members" Orientation
	Climate Change
	Tree Plantation
	Classification of Waste
	Resource mapping of the BEd College
	Water Conservation
	• Sanitation
	Connecting with Community Leaders for creation and maintenance of School facilities and Programmes
	The activities implemented in the B Ed College Field visit were presented and were related to:
	Sanitation in the School
	Health Awareness
	School Education Committee Members' Orientation
	Classification of Waste
	Resource mapping of the College
Learners' Feedback	Learners felt it would be easy to integrate and execute the experiential learning activities that they had prepared.
	They prepared and presented innovative experiential learning plans

Application of Learning	Participants promised to immediately integrate Experiential Learning Activities into their curriculum wherever possible.
Link to Nai Talim	Community Engagement is an integral part of Gandhiji's Nai Talim. This was planned by the groups by writing out an experiential learning activity plan from the B Ed proposed curriculum areas

Day 3: Session 3

Session Topic	Nai Talim Film
Session Sub topics	
Facilitated by	Dr.M.Gopala Krishna
Session Timing	1 pm to 2.30 pm
Transaction	Whole Class Activity
Methodology	A 20-minute film on Anand Niketan, a Nai Talim School at Sevagram, Wardha was shown to the participants.
	A ten minute interactive discussion followed by a question- answer session on what they learnt and felt after watching the film
Key Learning Points	Agriculture, Spinning, Food & Health (Cooking food) and Cleanliness were the key activities that students at Anand Niketan did as part of "hand" activity.
	Practical Skills, Gender Equality and Dignity of Labour were inculcated in the school.
	Knowledge is gained at an application level, so it is retained better.
	Practical application with personal experience will make students thoughtful citizens
	Students want to contribute to the society and country and also help the poor and needy
	The biggest challenge for Nai Talim is acceptance by Society and Government

	Education impacts lives: A person becomes what he is by what he is exposed to in school.
Learners' Response	They were moved by the film. It made them even more determined to implement experiential learning activities back in their institution
Learners' Feedback	Participants appreciated the activities being done at Anand Niketan
Application of Learning	Kitchen Garden, Cooking, Sewing, etc. can be implemented in the Colleges of Education
Ideas for similar activities	All the participants were moved by the students' feedback and felt emotionally connected to the Nai Talim activities; this helped them to know the real value of conducting experiential learning activities in their own institution
Link to Nai Talim	Anand Niketan is a Nai Talim School, the entire film is related to what activities can be integrated and how they can be integrated

Day 3: Session 4

Session Topic	Planning for the Field Visit the Following Day
Session Sub topics	Steps
	Precautions
	Tools
Facilitated by	Dr.M.Gopala Krishna
Session Timing	2.30 pm to 4.30 pm
Transaction	Interactive Discussion
Methodology	Discussed the instructions related to logistics and timings – transport arrangements (two-wheelers and four wheelers), departure time, food arrangements, time to be spent in school, activities to be done in school, time to be spent for rural immersion activities.
	Recapitulated the resources to be carried, the decorum to be

	maintained, the roles and responsibility allocation (Facilitator of the activity, co-facilitator of the lesson, one photo/video recorders, and one activity recorder). Reminded them to carry medicines, some snacks and water. The resources to be carried for the field visit for the activities to be conducted were also discussed. The PRA tools assigned to each group were recapitulated:what were the steps, precautions and tools they needed to follow for their activity. Asked them to share their roles and responsibility allocation (Facilitator of the activity, co-facilitator of the activity, a photo/video recorder, an activity recorder).
Key Learning Points	Planning is key for seamless execution of an experiential learning activity plan and rural immersion activity Personal safety and care
	Peer safety and care
	Steps, Precautions, Tools, Checklist and Assessment of the field visit
Learners'	Each team handed over their role allocation list
Response	All teams accepted all the suggestions made by the facilitators
Learners' Feedback	Participants appreciated that the minutest detail was thought of and discussed and they were clear about what they are expected to do and the decorum to be followed.
Application of Learning	Participantswould apply all the instructions and precautions share during the field visit over the next 4 days
Ideas for similar activities	Participants can work out similar plans with their students when they go out on field visits
Link to Nai Talim	The decorum to be followed would link to Gandhian Values of Truth, Punctuality, Self-Restraint, Self-Reliance etc. and these values get reinforced/inculcated during the field visit

School Visit Check List

Pre	During	Post
School I. Material Readiness & Allocation to team members 2. Duties & Responsibilities of the members 3. Personal needs (Water, "medicines, pen notebook, shoes, caps, camera,)	Travelling Vehicles. J. Permissions I. Introduction & Programme activities J. Thanking them I. Implementing your experiential Plan J. One lead facilitator J. George Profits or English or English or English S. One Photoly/idee Recorder J. Session reporter S. Support facilitator J. Collect your all paper related outputs 10. Take pictures for stages 10. Group Photoly J. Group Photoly J. Group Photol	Lunch 1. Session report preparation 2. Session report presentation

Village Visit Check List

Pre	During
Village 1. Material Readiness & Allocation to team members 2. Duties & Responsibilities of the members 3. Personal needs (Water, medicines, pen notebook, shoes, caps, camera,) 4. Rangoli Powder, Chart papers, marker pens, pencils, scissors, sketch pens, cello tapes, plastic bags for waste collection,	Travelling Vehicles 1. Permissions - [Patil Mam] 2. Introduction & Programme activities 3. Thanking them for allowing 4. Transect walk 5. Implementing your PLA technique (Day-1) 6. FGD Focus Group Discussion with your group (Day-2) 5. One lead facilitator 6. One Photo/Video Recorder 7. Session reporter 8. Support facilitator 9. Collect your all paper related outputs 10. Take pictures for stages 10. Group Photos 10. Group Photos 10. Group Photos

B.Ed. College Visit Check List

Pre	During
Duties & Responsibilities of the members Personal needs (Water, medicines, pen notebook, shoes, caps, camera, Rangoli, Threads, Scales, Colour Chalks)	Travelling Vehicles 1. Permissions 2. Introduction & Programme activities 3. Thanking them 4. Implementing your experiential Plan 5. One lead facilitator 6. One Photo/Video Recorder 7. Session reporter 8. Support facilitator 9. Collect your all paper related outputs 10. Take pictures for stages 10. Group Photos

Day's Summary

Participants recalled all the concepts learnt through the day.

FDP Report: Day 4

Recap:

The day started with a recap where participants shared that they understood the Steps of writing a B Ed Experiential Learning Plan with Steps, Precautions, Tools, Checklist and Assessment. They also shared that they were confident of executing it in the college and that they are focused on procuring the necessary resources for the execution.

They liked the film on Anand Niketan and the quiz thereafter. Immediately after that the entire team left for the school.

Day 4: Session 1

Session Topic	Field Visit: School Visit
	Activities related to curricular inclusions and work
	education.
Session Sub	
topics	
Facilitated by	Dr.M.Gopala Krishna
Session Timing	9.30 am to 12.30 pm
Preparatory Work	The participants rechecked the resources before leaving the Dept
	As soon as they reached the school, they met the principal who was grateful that their school had been chosen for the activity.
	He allotted the grades to enable participants to conduct the experiential learning activities that were planned
Transaction	Group Work
Methodology	The teams selected and prepared for different activities to implement at the school.
	The groups were assigned their correspondinggrade from the school. Each team was ready with their materials and with the help of effectively built rapport withstudents; they made the students enthusiastic to take part in the experiential learning.
Key Learning	Community Service builds team spirit
Points	It helps understand and inculcate dignity of labour
	Self Esteem improves as one feels proud to have contributed to societal work
	Even though the participants routinely work with students, they have rarely transacted experiential learning activities in their

	classrooms. So, it was a great experience for them to apply the learning from the training program. The session evidently depicted that the children are more interested in activity based, experiential learning.
Learners' Response	Each and every participant participated actively and was further motivated with the response from the students, who participated happily, actively and enthusiastically and did not want the activity to stop.
	The students requested the participants to stay back. The power of team work was demonstrated.
	Participants liked the way they did their activities and they started thinking of how to do this in their own colleges to make learning more interesting.
Learners' Feedback	Participants felt they had contributed in a small way to the community's development
	Participants found that it was easy to build rapport with the children and they were confident enough for implementing Nai Talim.
	There was pride in all of them when they finished the task
Application of Learning	Experiential Learning plan to be implemented in Colleges of Education and student teachers should also be encouraged to plan and implement experiential earning activities during their practice teaching
Examples/ Stories shared	All of the above activities and other activities like Cooking, Sewing, Construction, etc. could be implemented in the Colleges of Education
Ideas for similar activities	Participants get student-teachers to volunteer for community service back in their institutions
	Participants shared that they could apply this learning for many activities in their colleges
Link to Nai Talim	Swachhta was also close to Gandhiji's (he cleaned his own toilet) and is a core component of Nai Talim.
	Dignity of labour is inculcated.
	Teacher as a learner by doing the activity with the learners
	Students used their Hand, Heart and Head while learning. Experiential learning was practiced

Day 4 : Session 2

Session Topic	Field Visit: Rural Immersion: PRA/PLA Techniques' Practice during Village Visit
Session Sub topics	Participatory Rural Appraisal (PRA)/ Participatory Leaning & Action (PLA) Tools
Facilitated by	Dr.M.Gopala Krishna
Session Timing	1 pm to 4.30 pm
Transaction	Group Work
Methodology	As per the prior planning done, the participants were ready with the materials using the PRA tools.
	All Groups – Transect Walk
	Group 1 - Time Line
	Group 2 - Resource Mapping
	Group 3 - Seasonal Calendar
	Group 4 - Chapati Diagram
	Group 5 - Livelihood Analysis
Key Learning	The participants learned many things about the village.
Points	The team first visited village panchayat office. The Sarpanch expressed his happiness for selecting the village for study. He briefly explained a few details of the village.
	Village establishment year, Total population and Area of the village. They also found out the main crops.
	• After the brief introduction, the entire team went on a transect walk.
	• After the transect walk, participants worked on completing the PLA technique assigned to their group with the help of the village residents.
	Kids, youth, men, women, senior citizens were all a part of it.
	• They guided and corrected the participants. They also expressed their happiness.
Learners' Response	The inhabitants of the village were respectable people and hard-
	working.
	They took up innovative experiments in their farms.
	The participants noticed equality, leadership, commitment towards the community and commitment towards animals as

	well.
	The school visit experience was very nice.
Learners'	The villagers have a lot of affection.
Feedback	Everyone welcomed the participants affectionately and shared information about the village.
	The participants learnt the principle of integration and how to build relations with the help of affection.
	They also learnt how villagers support each other to help overcome their problems.
Application of Learning& Link to Nai Talim	Community engagement is an integral part of Nai Talim and PRA/PLA techniques can be used by the participants with their student teachers in a focused manner on a regular basis.
Ideas for similar activities	Community Engagement could be made a mandatory part of the B Ed Curriculum through field work in Village School and Anganwadis.

Day's Summary:

Participants recalled all the concepts learnt through the day. They also reviewed the arrangements as well as resource readiness for the village visit over the next two days.

FDP Report - Day 5

Day 5: Session 1

Session Tonio	Field Visits Esmaniantial Loaming Activity, and ducted with D
Session Topic	Field Visit: Experiential Learning Activity conducted with B
0 1 0 1	Ed Students
Session Sub	-
topics	
Facilitated by	Dr.M.Gopala Krishna
Session Timing	9.30 am to 12.30 pm
Transaction	Group Work
Methodology	As per the prior planning, the participants were prepared for the
	Experiential Learning Activities:
	Group 1 - Sanitation
	Group 2 - Health Awareness
	Group 3 - Orientation for School Education Committee
	Members
	Group 4 - Waste Segregation and Composting
	Group 5 - Resource Mapping
	The students were oriented about the activity that is to be
	conducted there.
	Students were divided into teams and the activities listed above
	were conducted with them.
	A few student groups presented their experiences in oral and
	written form.
Key Learning	The importance of planning experiential learning through use of
Points	Hand, Head and Heart was reinforced.
Learners'	Student-teachers were happy with all the activities that were
Response	conducted.
F	
T .	They shared that what they learned was inspiring and motivating.
Learners'	Participants established good rapport with the student-teachers
Feedback	and even they learnt from and enjoyed the activities and yoga
	session.

Application of	It was clear to the participants that experiential learning activities
Learning& Link	need to be implemented in the Colleges of Education. The
to Nai Talim	activity linked cognitive, affective and psychomotor domains.
Ideas for similar	Participants get students to volunteer for community service back
activities	in their institutions

Day 5: Session 2

Session Topic	Field Visit: Rural Immersion: Intensive Discussion with
1	Various Groups Village
Session Sub	Focus Group Discussion
topics	Interview
Facilitated by	Dr.M.Gopala Krishna
Session Timing	1 pm to 4.30 pm
Transaction	Group Work
Methodology	As per the prior planning, the participants were prepared for the
	FGD/Interview:
	Group 1 - Farmers
	Group 2 - Health Centre
	Group 3 - School
	Group 4 - SHG
TZ T	Group 5 - Youth
Key Learning	The participants learned many things about the group that they
Points	were assigned through FGD/Interview technique as detailed
	below:
	Communication Skills
	Time Management
	PersuasionTechnique
	• Patience
	Objective Oriented Keen Observation Skill
	Commitment towardsWork
	• Cooperation
	• Tolerance
	Adjustment
	Confidence levels of participants have increased through
	this activity.
	• This activity informed the participants about village
	livelihoods and also initiated their thinking process about
	problems of the village youth and some solutions for them. This pativity abanded their vision positively to look at all
	• This activity changed their vision positively to look at all village youth occupations to instill dignity of labor forthem.
	• With the help of the Gram Panchayat it is easy to interact with the villagers.
Learners'	
Response	• Learners understood how the SHG women contribute to
response	their family's income and how women in village are now

	becoming confident.
	They communicated with all stakeholders in the school and came to know the relationship between schools and society.
	• The Health Centre's effort towards improving villagers' health is really appreciable.
	 Counselling regarding dealing with health issues is benefitting the villagers.
	Found out the main occupations of the youth in the village
	 Also got to know the problems faced by farmers.
Learners' Feedback	• Participant enjoyed the experienceas they interacted with the youth and found out about their education levels, aims and aspirations.
	They learnt a lot of things in a very short period.
	• They shared that theylearnt about the village systems through interactions with villagers.
Application of	Community engagement is an integral part of Nai Talim and
Learning& Link	FGD and Interview techniques can be used by the participants
to Nai Talim	and their student-teachers to understand the success stories and
	needs of the rural community.

FDP Report - Day 6

Recap:

The day started with a recap of the Field visit to B Ed College and Village interactions.

Day 6: Session 1

Session Topic	Report Writing: Field Visit to School, Village, and B Ed		
Session Sub			
topics			
Facilitated by	Dr.M.Gopala Krishna		
Session Timing	9.30 am to 12.30 pm		
Transaction	Group Work		
Methodology	The teams worked on reports that were created on PowerPoint		
	as per the field visit work that they took up in the school, village , and B Ed College		
Key Learning	Experiential Learning Activity Name		
Points	• Grade		
	Roles taken up by Team Members		
	Activity implementation Steps		
	What Learners Said		
	What Learners Liked		
	What Went Well		
	Areas of Improvement		
Learners'	All groups worked dedicatedly on preparing their presentations.		
Response	They put together slides: School, Village and B Ed College.		
	They divided the work amongst themselves and ensured		
	delivery of desired output in the given time		
Learners'	Learners were excited to work together on reporting their		
Feedback	findings		
Application of	Use of Technology in this Global village is a necessary evil and		
Learning&	is contextual in today's day and age. Technical skills in		
Link to Nai	documentation and presentation as well as report writing are		
Talim	important skills that participants learnt/practiced through this		
	session. Team work is also an important skill that improves		
	productivity and exchange of ideas, peer review and support,		
	thereby improving the final output. These skills are directly		

	related to Nai Talim as they are being practiced in the context of "Work" done in the field visit over the last 4 days in the FDP
Ideas for	Participants may encourage teams of student-teachers to create
similar	Word and PowerPoint presentations as a part of report writing
activities	for projects related to community engagement, work education
	and experiential learning

Day 6: Session 2

Session Topic	Presentation of Reports: Field Visit to School, Village, B		
.	Ed College		
Session Sub			
topics			
Facilitated by	Dr.M.Gopala Krishna		
Session Timing	1 pm to 4 pm		
Transaction	Group Work		
Methodology	The teams presented the reports that were created on		
	PowerPoint/Charts as per the field visit work that they took up		
	in the school, village and B Ed College		
Key Learning Points	 Presentation skills are required in every field and academicians need them too. 		
1 Office			
	 Faculty honed their presentation skills by presenting their learning and feedback on the field visit work that they took up in the school, village and B Ed College 		
	Team work helps build synergy and the output is much more that what is expected		
	Sharing of the workload is a part of group presentations		
	• Findings triangulated through report presentations as each group presents		
	The slideshow/chart also is an evidence of the work done		
Learners' Response	• All groups worked dedicatedly on presenting their reports.		
	• They divided the work amongst themselves and each team member the presented a few slides assigned to him/her in the allotted time		
	They structured the presentations well		
Learners'	• The participants were excited to put together the		

Feedback	 presentations. They worked well as a team, sharing ideas and improving their slideshows with each review.
Application of Learning & Link to Nai Talim	 Presentation skills are important skills that participants learnt/practiced through this session. Team work is also an important skill that improves productivity and exchange of ideas, peer review and support, thereby improving the final output. These skills are directly related to Nai Talim as they are being practiced in the context of "Work" done in the field visit in the FDP
Ideas for similar activities	• Participants may encourage teams of student-teachers to create Word and PowerPoint presentations as a part of report writing for projects related to community engagement, work education and experiential learning and train them to present them to an audience to overcome stage fear.

FDP Report - Day 7		
Day 7: Session 1		
Session Topic	Strategies for Integration of Nai Talim/Experiential Learning/Work Education and Community Engagement in B Ed Curriculum	
Session Sub topics		
Facilitated by	Dr.M.Gopala Krishna	
Session Timing	9.30 am to 10.30 am	
Transaction Methodology	Group Exercise: Participants continued working in the same groups and discussed how they can integrate Nai Talim/Experiential Learning/Work Education and Community Engagement in B Ed Curriculum	
Key Learning Points	• Experiential Learning Activity Plans can be prepared by students for Practice Teaching and when they learn methodologies like Activity Based Learning and Constructivism	
	• They may choose a village school for their practice teaching and spend time after practice teaching in the village to work with the school /health centre/anganwadis to understand their problems and find solutions together.	
Learners'	Participants were keen to start Nai Talim implementation.	
Response	• The FDP was based on experiential learning activities, which they were fully involved in and realized the importance of transferring this methodology to their own teaching—learning process.	
	 Formal approval from the Board of Studies will make Experiential Learning and Community Engagement a mandatory part of the curriculum 	
Learners' Feedback	• Participants felt they learnt a lot of new teaching concepts and Gandhiji's vision of education.	
	They were motivated to go back and try new techniques.	
	They were convinced that Nai Talim was the only way forward and that rural community engagement should be an essential part of Teacher Education Curriculum	

Application of Learning &Link to Nai Talim

- Students- teachers should mandatorily plan Experiential Learning Activities for practice teaching
- They must be involved in physical activities once a month, to inculcate respect workers and dignity of labour.
- They should plan and organize Swachhta campaigns in villages which are a core component of Nai Talim.
- Student teachers must also engage with the community at least once every month for 2-3 days and work with them to empower them.

Day 7: Session 2

Honouring a Department Worker

The Department Sweeper, Shri Lakshmi, who cleans the Department every day, was honoured by the participants. They voluntarily contributed and presented her with a memento and a gift. They also spoke a few words appreciating the work done by him. The staff was overwhelmed with the honour and thanked the participants profusely for the honour bestowed on him.

Day 7: Session 3

Valedictory Session, Feedback Forms & Group Photo

Certificates of Participation were presented to the participants.

The they filled in feedback forms and a few shared their reflections on the FDP.

They thanked the Dept of Education of their University and MGNCRE for conducting the FDP that enhanced their skills and knowledge. A group photo marked the closure to the 7-day FDP.

Acknowledgement: MGNCRE would like to thank the University Department of Education for supporting in the organization of the FDP

Annexure A

List of Participants

S.No	Name	Education College	Mobile
1	Dr Charles	St John's College	9885155033
2	Dr. Adinarayana	Hanna College	9492615605
3	Dr.V.Suri Babu	D.V.R College	9391416969
4	Dr. V. Rajya Lakshmi	Sir C.R.R College	9492919929
5	P. Rambabu	SAMD	9347939798
6	M Rajesh	K.C.E	9553884493
7	M. Kalyan Rama	Y N College	8985827882
8	M.Satyanarayana	Adithya College	9493524964
9	P.V.Ramana Rao	G.B.R	9885367578
10	V.Venkateshwar Rao	Hanna College	9494553689
11	P.N.G.kishore kumar	B.M.R	9676807640
12	Y.M.Prem Kumar	B.S.R	9491088447
13	Dr T.S. Reddy	Adithya college	8008481117
14	V.Soma Raju	SKM	8179613248
15	M.S.Satyanarayana	S.G.S Govt IASE	9059675171
16	A.Nagalakshmi Devi	S.K.B.R	7032089153
17	K.Chinna Babu	Benaiah Christain College	8978386685
18	R. Francis Stephen Rock	Best College	9908910809
19	Dr.K.Srinivas Rao	A.S.R.College	9440513890
20	Dr.K.Bharathi	Little Rose	9676754151
21	Roshan Virgil	Little Rose	9393939789
22	M.Sai Kumar	Hayagreva College	9948095351
23	D.Maheshwar Rao	Little Rose	9866636094
24	A Dhana lakshmi	G.T.P College	8331851214
25	S.Anji Babu	Williams College	9951109119
26	V.Venkateshwara rao	Sri Srinivas	9948052316
27	Shyam Babu	S.A.M.D	9959274859
28	B.Balaji	Nova college	7036388600
29	K.Krishna	V.V. College	9494945555
30	Dr.K.Subba Rao	University college	9494945555
31	M.Gopala Krishna	Adikavi Nannaya College	9848341166
32	V.Ramakrishna	Adikavi Nannaya College	0991228267
33	Dr.R.S.Varaha Dasa	Adikavi Nannaya College	8985904479
34	R.Samba Siva Rao	Adikavi Nannaya College	9440451141

35	Dr.Sujatha	Adikavi Nannaya College	8985436775
36	J.Rajamani	Adikavi Nannaya College	8008118390
37	D.K.Rajeshwari	Adikavi Nannaya College	9912662500





























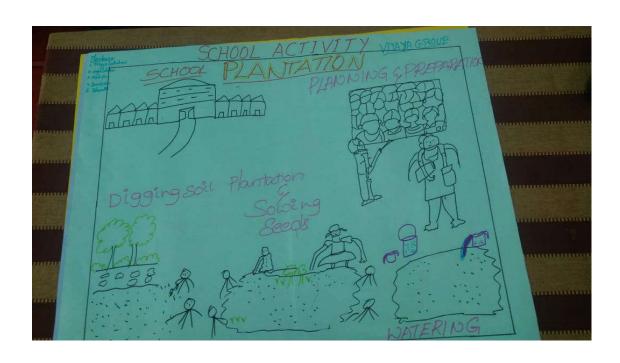






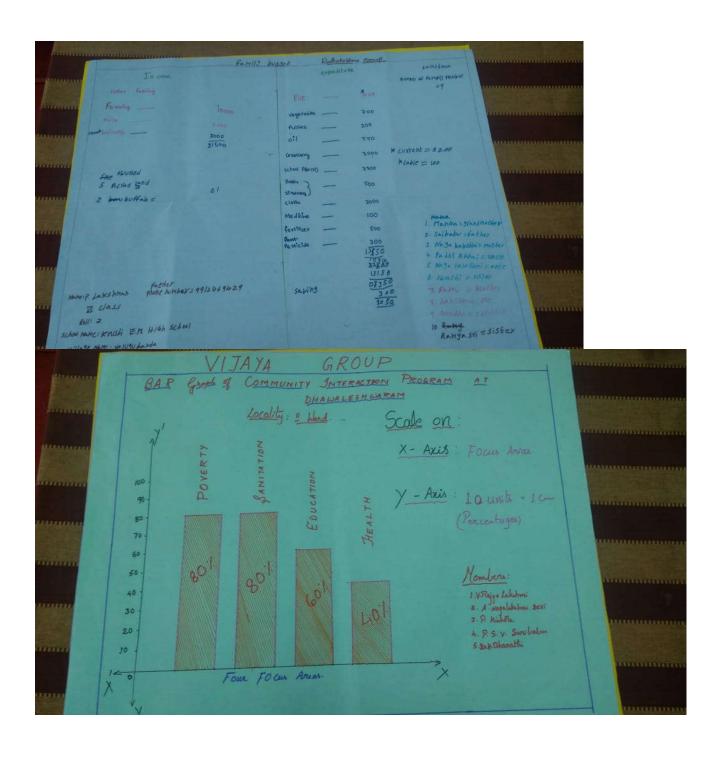
Annexure C

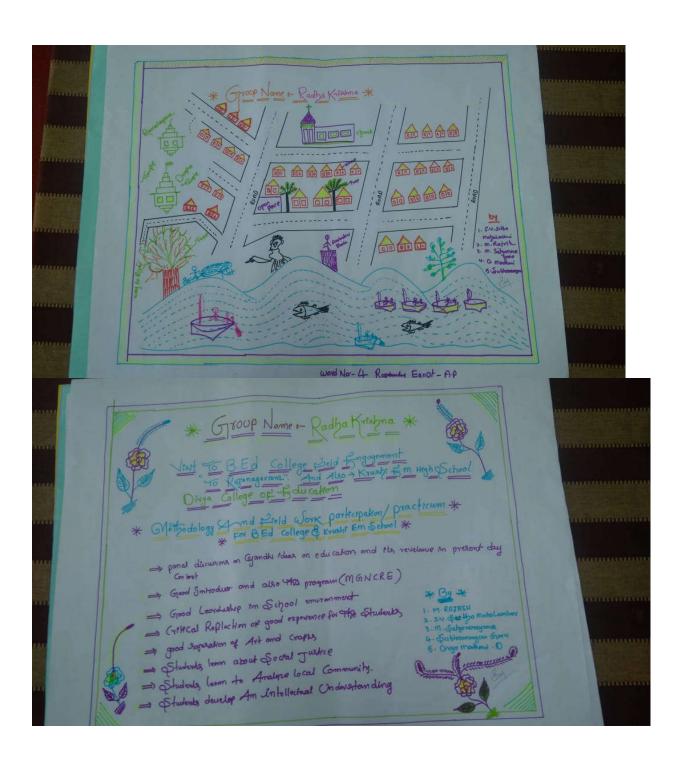
Samples of Output Generated during the FDP

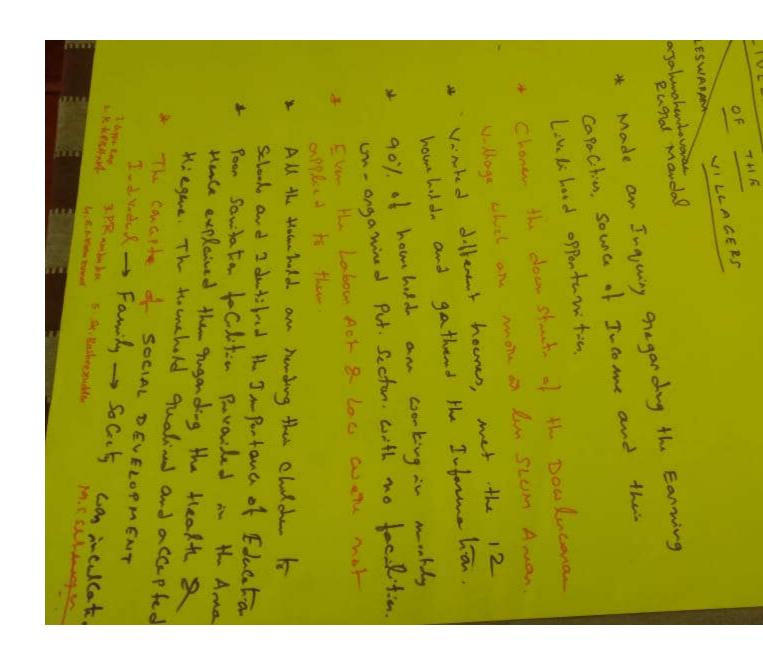












Paper News Clippings

Dt.24.01.2019

ఆంధ్రభూమి బ్యూరో

మిరుగైన గైపుడ్యాలతో కూడా బోధన. సురేష్ వర్మ మాట్లాడుతూ విద్యార్న నేటి తరం విద్యా విధానంలో ఆవసర - లకు మెరుగైన బోధనను అందించాల మని ఆదికవి నన్నడు విశ్వవిద్యా న్నారు. మీన్సిపాల్ డాక్టర్ సుబ్బారావు లయం రెక్టార్ ఆడాల్య్ పి సురేష్ వర్మ మాట్లాడుతూ ప్రతీ ఒక్కరూ విద్యా అన్నారు. మహాత్మాగాంధీ నేషనల్ సైపుద్యాన్ని అలవర్సుకుని నూతన కౌన్స్టర్ ఆఫ్ దూరల్ మినిప్టీ ఆఫ్ మార్పులకు శ్రీకారం చుట్టాలన్నారు. హయర్ ఎద్యుకేషన్ గవర్నమెంట్ ఆఫ్ కోఆర్టినేటర్ డాక్టర్ ఎం గోపాలకృష్ణ ఇండియా సౌజన్యంతో యూనివర్సిటీ మాట్నాడుతూ ఈ కార్యకమానికి కాలేజ్ ఆఫ్ ఎద్యుకేషన్ ఆధ్వర్యంలో హాయర్ ఎద్యుకేషన్ హెచ్ఆరీ ఎం ఏడు రోజుల ఫ్యాకల్లీ డెవలప్రమెంట్ సాయికిరణ్ సమన్వయకర్షగా వ్యవహ ప్రాగాం నిర్వహిస్తున్నారు. యూనవ రిస్తారన్నారు. కార్యకమంలో ఉభయ ర్సిటీలో ఈ కార్యకమాన్ని బుధ గోడాచరి జిల్లాల నుంచి 38 మంది వారం రెక్టార్ పి సురేష్ వర్మ ప్రిస్స్. ఆధ్యాపకులు పాల్గొన్నారు.

పాల్ డాక్టర్ కె సుబ్బారావు ప్రారం రాజమహేంద్రవరం, జనవరి 2% భించారు. ఈ సందర్భంగా ఆచార్య





Dt.24.01.2019

ත් වූණුල කුළුද් මෙමුදාල කුණුද්ධ මෙමුදාල කුණුද්ධ මෙමුදාල කුණුද්ධ මෙමුදාල කුණුද්ධ මෙමුදාල කුණුද්ධ මෙමුදාල කුණුද්

రాజానగరం, న్యూస్ట్ మెద్క్రైన నైపుజ్వాల జోధన నేటి తరం విద్యావిధా నంలో ఎంతో అవసరమని ఆదికవి నన్నయ విశ్వవిద్యాలయ రెక్టార్ ఆచార్య పి. సురేష్ వర్మ అన్నారు. మహాత్మా గాంధీ నేషనల్ కౌన్బిల్ ఆఫ్ రూరల్ మినిస్ట్రీ ఆఫ్ హయ్యర్ ఎద్యుకేషన్, గవర్నమెంట్ ఆఫ్ ఇండియా సౌజన్యంతో యూనివర్సిటీ కాలేజ్ ఆఫ్ ఎద్వుకేషన్ ఆధ్వర్యంలో ఏడు రోజుల ఫ్యాకర్టీ డెవలప్ మెంట్ ప్రోగ్రామ్న నిర్వహిస్తున్నారు. నన్నయ వర్సిటీలో ఈ కార్యక్రమాన్ని బుధవారం రెక్టార్ ఆచార్య పి.సురేష్వర్మ, బ్రిన్సిపల్ డా. కె. సుబ్బారావు ప్రారంభించారు. ఈ

సందర్భంగా ఆచార్య వర్మ మాట్లాడుతూ తరగతి గదులను విజ్ఞాన గనులుగా చేసి భావితరాలకు చక్కని విద్యా ప్రమాబాలను అందించాలన్నారు. విద్యా కళాశాల ట్రిస్సిపల్ డా. కె. సుబ్బారావు మాట్లాడుతూ ప్రతి ఒక్కరూ శ్రద్ధతో ఈ శిక్షణను తీసుకోవాలని, పొందిన శిక్షణను ఆయా కళాశా లల్లో అనుసరిస్తూ నూతన మార్పులకు శ్రీకారం చుట్నాలని తెలిపారు. ఈ కార్యక్రమం కోఆర్డినేటర్ రావు, దా.ఎన్.సుజాత, జె.రాజమణి, దా.ఆర్.ఎస్. డా.ఎం.గోపాలకృష్ణ మాట్లాడుతూ వివిధ పాఠశా వరహాలదొర. కేఎస్సాఆర్ రాజేశ్వరి దేవి తదిత లలు, స్టాసైటీలను ఈ శిక్షణ సమయంలో వారు రులు పాల్గొన్నారు.



సమావేశంలో మాట్లాడుతున్న అచార్య సురేష్ వర్మ

సందర్భిస్తారని, దీనికి హయ్యర్ ఎద్యుకేషన్కు సంబంధించిన ఎం. సాయికిరజ్ సమన్వయకర్తగా వ్యవహరిస్తారని తెలిపారు.

ఈ కార్యక్రమంలో ఉభయ గోదావరి జిల్లాత్తో విద్యా కళాశాలలకు చెందిన 38 మంది అధ్యాప కులు పాల్గొన్నారన్నారు. కోకస్వీనర్మగా ఆర్. సాంబశివరావు, డా.జి.ఎలీషాబాబు, వి.రామకృష్ణా

నేడు 'నన్నయ'. రింకన్ వర్సి టీల ఎంవోయూ

రాజానగరం, న్యూస్టుడే: ఆదికవి నన్నయ విశ్వవిద్యాలయంతో మలేసియాకు చెందిన లింకన్ యూనివర్సిటీ అవగాహన ఒప్పందాన్ని గురువారం కుదుర్చుకోనుందని నన్నయ వర్సిటీ రిజిస్సార్ ఆచార్య ఎస్.టేకి తెలిపారు. బుధవారం ఆయన ఈ విషయా లను విలేకరులకు వివరించారు. విద్యాపర మైన అనేక అంశాల్లో అభివృద్ధి సాధించే ದಿಕಗ್ ಈ ಎಂಪ್ ಯಾ ఉಂటುಂದನ್ನಾರು. పరిశోధనలకు తోడ్పాటునందించడం, ఒకే సమయంలో రెండు విశ్వవిద్యాలయాల్లో డిగ్రీలు చేసే విధానం, ఉమ్మడి విద్యాపర

మైన అభివృద్ధి, ఉమ్మడి పరిశోధన పద్ధతి, ఉభయ వర్సిటీల్లో విద్యార్థుల విద్య, అధ్యాపకులు పార్యాం శాల్లో పరస్పర అభిప్రాయాలను పంచుకోవడం వంటి అంశాలకు సంబంధించి ఈ అవగాహన ఒప్పందం ఉంటుందన్నారు. ఈ కార్యక్రమానికి లింకన్ వర్సిటీ వీసీ డా. అమియా బౌమిక్, నన్నయ వర్సిటీ ఇన్ఛార్జి వీసీ ఆచార్య ఎస్.రామ కృష్ణారావు రెక్టార్ ఆచార్య పి.సురేష్ వర్మ తదిత రులు పాల్గొంటారన్నారు.



EENADU RAJANAGARAM 30.01.2019

సామాజికాభవృద్ధికి విద్య దోహదం

రాజానగరం, స్యూస్ట్ మడే: సామాజిక అభివృద్ధికి విద్య సేవలు ఎంతగానో దోహాదపడతాయని క్షేత్రస్ధా యిలో జరిగే అభివృద్ధి పనుల్లో విశ్వవిద్యాలయ ఆధ్యాప కులు, విద్యార్థులు భాగస్వాములు కావాలని ఆదికవి నన్నయ విశ్వవిద్యాలయ రెక్టార్ ఆచార్య పి.సురేష్వర్మ

అన్నారు. మహాత్మాగాంధ్ గ్రామీణ విద్యా మండలి సౌజన్యంతో విశ్వవిద్యా లయ విద్యా కళాశాల ఆధ్వర్యంతో వారం రోజు లుగా నిర్వహిస్తున్న ఫ్యాకర్జీ డెవలపెమెంట్ ప్రాకర్జీ డెవలపెమెంట్ ప్రాగాం మంగళవారం ముగిసింది. ముగింపు సభకు ముఖ్యఅతిథిగా హాజరైన ఆచార్య సురేషె వర్మ మాట్లాడుతూ ఇలాంటి కార్యశాలల ద్వారా నేర్చు కున్న నైపుజ్యాలు, మెలకువలను తమ కళాశాలలో అమలు చేసి తద్వారా సామాజిక సేవ చేయాలని కోరారు. విద్యా కళాశాల డ్రిున్సివల్, కస్వీనర్ డా.కె.సుబ్బా రావు మాట్లాడుతూ అధ్యాపకులు తాము నేర్చుకోవడం



సురేష్ వర్మను సత్కరిస్తున్న చిత్రం

ద్వారా తమ కళాశాలలకు, సమాజానికి మంచి పేరు వచ్చేలా కృషి చేయాల న్నారు. ఈ సందర్భంగా ఆచార్య సురేష్ వర్మకు డా. సుబ్బారావు తదితరులు జ్ఞాపికను అందజేశారు. కార్యక్రమ సమన్వయక ర్తలు డా. ఎం. గోపాలకృష్ణ, ఎం. సాయికిరట్ తదిత రులు పాల్వొన్నారు.